

TITLE 14 HOUSING AND CONSTRUCTION
CHAPTER 5 CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES GENERAL PROVISIONS
PART 2 PERMITS

14.5.2.1 ISSUING AGENCY: The Construction Industries Division of the Regulation and Licensing Department.
[14.5.2.1 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.1 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.2 SCOPE: This rule applies to all contracting work performed in New Mexico on or after January 1, 2008, that is subject to the jurisdiction of CID, unless performed pursuant to a permit for which an application was received by CID before that date.
[14.5.2.2 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.2 NMAC, 7-1-04; A, 1-01-08]

14.5.2.3 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: NMSA 1978 Sections 60-13-9 and 60-13-45.
[14.5.2.3 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.3 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.4 DURATION: Permanent.
[14.5.2.4 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.4 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.5 EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2004, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.
[14.5.2.5 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.5 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.6 OBJECTIVE: The purpose of this rule is to set forth standards and requirements for permitting construction in New Mexico.
[14.5.2.6 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.6 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.7 DEFINITIONS: [Reserved]

14.5.2.8 PERMITS REQUIRED:

A. Permits required. Subject to CILA Section 60-13-3, section 60-13-45, and the provisions of the CID rules, no building or structure shall be erected, constructed, enlarged, altered, repaired, moved, improved, removed, converted or demolished, and no electrical wiring, plumbing or mechanical work as defined and described in the applicable New Mexico construction codes for those trades, may be installed, repaired or maintained in or on such building or structure, unless the applicable permit has first been obtained from the division.

B. Exceptions to permit requirement. Exceptions from permit requirements of the New Mexico construction codes shall not be deemed to grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of CILA, any part of the CID rules, or any other applicable law.

C. Previously permitted work; previously submitted plans.

(1) Any work for which a permit has lawfully been issued prior to the effective date of this rule, which permit has not expired, deactivated or been revoked or suspended by the division pursuant to this part, may proceed as permitted, and the rules, codes and standards in effect at the time the permit was issued shall be the rules, codes and standards governing the work and its inspection.

(2) Any work for which plans have been submitted and received by the division shall be permitted and inspected pursuant to the rules in effect at the time the plans were received.

D. Eligibility. No person who is not appropriately, validly and currently licensed by the division is eligible to apply for or be issued a permit under this rule. **Exception.** Subject to the provisions of this part, a homeowner's permit may be issued to an unlicensed person.

E. Application for permit. In order to obtain a permit, the applicant must complete and submit a written application on the form and in the manner indicated by the division for the type of permit sought.

F. Types. Separate permits are required for general building, electrical and mechanical/plumbing, and liquefied petroleum gas work.

[14.5.2.8 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.8 NMAC, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I.100-105, 14 NMAC 9.2.II.100 & 14.10.4.8 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.9 EXCEPTIONS TO REQUIREMENT FOR PERMITS: Permits shall not be required for the following:

A. Commercial.

- (1) One-story detached accessory structures used as tool and storage sheds, playhouses and similar uses, provided the floor area does not exceed 120 square feet (11.15.m2).
- (2) Fences not over 6 feet (1829) high.
- (3) Oil derricks.
- (4) Retaining walls that are not laterally supported at the top and that retain in excess of 36 inches (915 mm) of unbalanced fill, unless supporting a surcharge or impounding class I, II, or III-A liquids.
- (5) Water tanks supported directly upon grade if the capacity does not exceed 5,000 gallons (18,927L) and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed 2 to 1.
- (6) Sidewalks and driveways not more than 30 inches (762 mm) above grade and not over any basement or story below and which are not part of an accessible route.
- (7) Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work.
- (8) Temporary motion picture, television and theater stage sets and scenery.
- (9) Prefabricated swimming pools accessory to a group R-3 occupancy, as applicable in the NMRBC, which are less than 24 inches (610mm) deep, do not exceed 5,000 gallons (19,000L) and are installed entirely above ground.
- (10) Shade cloth structures constructed for nursery or agricultural purposes and not including services systems.
- (11) Swings and other playground equipment accessory to one-and two-family dwellings.
- (12) Window awnings supported by an exterior wall of group R-3, as applicable in the NMRBC, and group U occupancies.
- (13) Moveable cases, counters and partitions not over 5 feet 9 inches (1,753mm) in height.
- (14) Any work not otherwise regulated by the New Mexico construction codes and the CID rules.

B. Residential: Refer only to the “building” portion of Section R105.2 of the IRC, and add a new section: 10. Any work that is not otherwise regulated by a specific provision of the NMRBC.

C. Mechanical work. Refer to section 112.2 of the UMC.

D. Plumbing work. Refer to section 103.1.2 of the UPC.

E. Electrical work. No exceptions other than those set forth in CILA Section 60-13-45.

[14.5.2.9 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I 100-105 & 14 NMAC 9.2.II 100, 7-1-04; A, 1-01-08]

14.5.2.10 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS:

A. Submittal documents.

(1) With each application for a permit, and when required by the building official or elsewhere in the CID Rules, two (2) sets of the following documents (collectively, submittal documents) must be submitted:

- (a) type, occupancy and kind of structure;
- (b) plans;
- (c) specifications;
- (d) engineering calculations;
- (e) diagrams;
- (f) soil investigation reports;
- (g) other any other data or document required by the building official or the plan review

official; and

(h) exterior wall envelope; submittal documents for all buildings shall describe the exterior wall envelope in sufficient detail to enable the plan review to determine compliance with the NMCBC and the NMRBC; the submittal documents shall show the exterior wall envelope in detail as required, including flashing, intersections with dissimilar materials, corners, end details, control joints, intersections at roof, eaves, or parapets, means of drainage, water-resistive membrane, and details around openings.

(2) For construction subject to the NMCBC, see sections 106.1.1, 106.1.2, 106.2 of the IBC for other requirements regarding submittal documents, including form, means of egress, and site plans.

(3) For construction subject to NMRBC, see sections 106.1.1, 106.1.2, 106.1.3 and 106.2 of the IRC for other requirements regarding submittal documents, including form, manufacturer’s installation instructions, construction in flood areas, and site plans.

(4) Upon approval, one (1) set of the submittal documents shall be retained by the division, and one (1) set shall be returned to the permittee, shall be available at the work site, and shall be available for inspection by the building official or inspector during the performance of the permitted work.

(5) The building official may require submission of any specifications, drawings or diagrams

necessary to show clearly the kind and extent of building construction work for which a permit application has been submitted.

B. Professional seals requirements: The building official or the plan review official is authorized to require submittal documents to be prepared and sealed by an architect, registered in accordance with the New Mexico Architectural Act, and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto, and/or by a professional engineer, registered in accordance with the New Mexico Engineering and Surveying Practice Act, and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto. An architect and/or engineer stamp is required for all uses listed in table 1004.1.1 in the IBC.

C. Exceptions: The requirement for plans and specifications to be prepared by an architect and/or engineer shall not be required in any of the following instances unless, in the discretion of the building official, an exception is not in the best interests of public safety or health.

(1) Multiple dwellings of not more than two (2) stories in height and containing not more than four (4) dwelling units constructed of materials approved for use pursuant to the NMRBC, and provided that this exception is not construed to allow a person who is not an architect to design multiple clusters of four (4) dwelling units each where the total exceeds four (4) dwelling units on each lawfully divided lot.

(2) Garages or other structures not more than two (2) stories in height which are appurtenant to buildings described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(3) Group A, B, E divisions 1 and 2, F, M, S, U buildings or additions having a total occupant load of ten (10) or less (as defined in section 1003.2.2 and table 1003.2.2.2 of the IBC), and not more than two (2) stories in height.

(4) Alteration to buildings or structures that present no unusual conditions or hazards or change in occupancy.

(5) Single-family dwellings, not more than two (2) stories in height.

D. Submission may be waived. The building official may waive the submission of plans, calculations, construction inspection requirements and other data if it is found that the nature of the work applied for is such that plan review is not necessary to obtain compliance with the New Mexico construction codes.

E. Deferred submittals. For the purposes of this section, deferred submittals are defined as those portions of the design that are not submitted with the application for the permit, and that are to be submitted, thereafter, within a period specified by the building official or the plan review official.

F. Approval. Deferral of any submittal items must have the prior approval of the building official. The responsible design professional shall list the deferred submittals on the submittal documents accompanying the permit application. Submittal documents for deferred submittal items must be submitted to the responsible design professional who shall review and forward them to the division with a notation indicating that the deferred submittal documents have been reviewed and that they have been found to be in general conformance with the design of the building. The items identified in the deferred submittals shall not be installed until the building official has approved their design and submittal documents.

G. Responsible design professional. When submittal documents are required to be prepared by a registered design professional, the permit application shall indicate the registered design professional who shall be responsible for reviewing and coordinating submittal documents prepared by others, including phased and deferred submittal items, for compatibility with the design of the building. This design professional shall be deemed to be the "responsible design professional." The permittee shall notify the division in writing within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed ten (10) business days, if the responsible design professional is changed or is unable to continue to perform the duties required.

H. Special submissions. The building official or the plan review official is authorized to require, before and after the commencement of a project, the submission of any specification, drawing or diagram necessary to adequately and clearly show the kind, extent, and occupancy of the general building, mechanical and/or plumbing, and electrical work on the project that is covered by the permit issued, or that is required to be permitted under the CID rules.

I. Phased approval. See section 106.3.3 of the IBC for work subject to the NMCBC, and section 106.3.3 of the IRC for work subject to the NMRBC.

J. Correction of submittal documents. The issuance of a permit based on certain plans and specifications shall not prevent the building official from thereafter requiring the correction of any error in such plans or specifications, or from prohibiting work pursuant to those plans or specifications when a violation of the applicable code would result.

K. Electrical projects.

(1) Any installation with a calculated service capacity over 100 kVA single-phase or over 225 kVA three phase must be stamped by an electrical engineer, registered in accordance with the New Mexico Engineering

and Surveying Practice Act. This requirement shall not apply to remote installations such as irrigation pumps. Any commercial project that requires an architect or engineer seal pursuant to this part, shall be submitted to the electrical bureau for review and approval.

(2) Submittal documents shall show the electrical riser, conductor size, grounding conductor size, method of grounding (available electrodes, etc.), load calculations, available fault calculations, size and location of disconnects, panel schedules, wiring methods, site and floor plan. General expressions such as “work shall be done in accordance with the New Mexico Electrical Code” or “work shall be done to the satisfaction of the state building official” shall be considered inadequate, and incomplete.

(3) No permit for electrical work shall be issued for the addition to, or alteration of, wiring of an existing building unless the building as it will be wired conforms to the requirements of the code for new buildings, except that those portions of the existing wiring that have not been disturbed and are deemed safe by the inspector may remain in service.

L. Mechanical projects.

(1) The building official is authorized to require the stamp of a professional engineer, registered in accordance with the New Mexico Engineering and Surveying Practice Act on permits for mechanical and/or plumbing work with a total value of \$50,000.00, or more, and/or for commercial buildings three stories and higher.

(2) For plans for buildings for more than two stories in height, other than R-3 and U occupancies, see the second paragraph of section 113.3 of the UMC.

M. Permit contents and display. Pursuant to CILA Section 60-13-59, every permit or notice of permit issued by the division shall:

(1) clearly indicate the name and address of the owner of the property;

(2) contain a legal description of the property being built on either by “lot and block” description in a subdivision, by street address in a municipality, or by township, range and section numbers if outside a municipality or platted subdivision;

(3) contain the name, address and license number of the contractor or the homeowner to whom the permit is to be issued, and the name of the architect and/or engineer as may be required by the building official; and

(4) be prominently displayed on the site where the permitted work is to be performed.

N. Retention. The division shall retain construction documents, including submittal documents and permit applications, in accordance with New Mexico state laws governing document retention.

O. Preliminary inspection. As part of the document review process, before issuing a building permit, the building official is authorized to examine or cause to be examined buildings, structures and sites for which an application for a building permit has been filed.

[14.5.2.10 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.8 NMAC, 14.5.2.9 NMAC, 14.5.2.10 NMAC, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I.100, 14 NMAC 9.2.II.100 NMAC & 14.10.4.8 NMAC, 7-1-04; A, 1-01-08]

14.5.2.11 ISSUANCE:

A. Plan review. Within a reasonable time after receipt, the division shall review submittal documents for compliance with the applicable New Mexico construction codes and the CID rules. If the submittal documents do not comply, the division shall reject them and shall communicate the reasons for rejection to the applicant in writing. If the submittal documents meet the applicable codes and rules, the submittal documents shall be approved, in writing or by stamp, as “reviewed” and the division shall issue a permit to the applicant after payment in full of the applicable permit fees, as set forth in 14.5.5 NMAC, Fees.

B. Authorization to change. No change or modification may be made to approved submittal documents for which a permit has been issued without the express, written authorization of the building official. All work authorized by a permit must be performed in accordance with the approved submittal documents for which the permit was issued. Changes in the work authorized by a permit must be reflected in an amended set of submittal documents, which must be resubmitted for approval by the division

[14.5.2.11 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I.100 & 14 NMAC 9.2.II.100, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.12 VALIDITY OF PERMIT: The issuance or granting of a permit shall not be construed to be a permit for, or an approval of, any violation of any of the provisions of the New Mexico construction codes or any other applicable law or rule. Permits presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of the New Mexico construction codes or any other applicable law or rule shall not be valid. The issuance of a permit based on construction documents and other data shall not prevent the building official from requiring the correction of errors in the construction documents and other data.

[14.5.2.12 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.13 SUSPENSION, CANCELLATION, OR REVOCATION OF PERMIT:

A. The building official is authorized to suspend, cancel or revoke a permit issued pursuant to the code for which the official has responsibility in the following causes:

- (1) whenever the permit is issued in error, or on the basis of incorrect, inaccurate or incomplete information;
- (2) whenever the permit was issued in violation of the CID rules;
- (3) when there is no contractor on the job;
- (4) work stoppage;
- (5) change in the person or entity performing the work;
- (6) at the request of the permittee;
- (7) whenever the person to whom the permit is issued is in violation of the licensing or certification requirements of the act or 14.6 NMAC.

B. A suspended permit may be reactivated upon approval of the appropriate building official and payment of any fee assessed pursuant to 14.5.5 NMAC, Fees.

[14.5.2.13 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.12 NMAC & 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04; A, 02-01-06]

14.5.2.14 EXPIRATION AND DEACTIVATION OF PERMIT:

A. Expiration. Every permit issued by the division under the provisions of the CID rules shall expire and be void if the work authorized by such permit is not commenced within 180 days from the date such permit was issued.

B. Deactivation. If the work authorized by a permit is suspended, delayed or abandoned at any time after the work is commenced and such suspension, delay or abandonment continues for 180 days, the permit shall become inactive.

(1) **Reactivation.** An inactive permit may be reactivated if the work resumes within one (1) year from the date the permit was issued, upon approval of the building official and payment of a fee equal to 1/2 of the original permit fee. Such reactivated permit will authorize work only to the extent it conforms to the submission documents on which the original permit was issued.

(2) **Cancellation.** If work does not resume within one (1) year from the date the inactive permit was issued, the inactive permit will automatically cancel. In order for work on the project to continue, a new permit application must be submitted, a new, full permit fee must be remitted, and a new permit issued.

C. Extension of time. The building official may extend the time of an active permit for an additional period not to exceed 180 days on receipt of a written request from the permit holder showing that circumstances beyond the control of the permittee have caused delay in the permitted work.

D. Penalties. Any work performed after a permit expires, cancels or becomes inactive shall constitute a violation of the CID rules and the person performing the work, or causing the work to be performed, may be subject to penalties as provided in the CILA.

[14.5.2.14 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I.100, 14 NMAC 9.2.II.100 & 14.10.4.8 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.15 DENIAL OF PERMIT:

A. The director may deny the issuance of a permit and associated inspections for good cause. Good cause shall include, without limitation:

- (1) failure to pay all or part of a permit fee or penalty when due;
- (2) payment of any amount due the division with a “non-sufficient funds” check; and
- (3) an outstanding balance on any amounts due the division that has accrued without approval of the director.

B. After receipt of a “non-sufficient funds” check, the division may require payment in cash, or cashier’s check.

[14.5.2.15 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.8 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.16 FAILURE TO OBTAIN PERMIT: If any work, other than site preparation, for which a permit is required is commenced prior to obtaining the necessary permit, the building official may either assess a fee in the amount of twice the usual permit and inspection fees, or refer the violation for disciplinary action by the division.

[14.5.2.16 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.17 TEMPORARY STRUCTURES:

A. Permits. The building official is authorized to issue a permit for temporary structures and temporary uses. Such permits shall specify an expiration date not to exceed one (1) year from the date of issuance. The building official is authorized to grant extensions for good cause that is supported by credible evidence.

B. Conformance. See section 107.2 of the IBC.

C. Temporary power. A permit may be issued by the appropriate building official authorizing a connection of a temporary system for supplying electrical power, water, gas, or sewage service, after inspection and testing by the inspector. When the temporary use of such system is no longer required, the permittee shall notify the appropriate building official or inspector. The temporary work permit may be canceled by the building official or the inspector if the temporary work that is covered by the permit has not passed a pre-final inspection within one (1) year after the permit was issued. Upon receipt of written notice of such cancellation, the appropriate utility shall discontinue service to such system, and service shall not be resumed until a new permit for the work on the system is issued.

D. Termination of approval. The building official is authorized to terminate a permit for a temporary structure when it appears to the building official that it is in the best interests of health, safety and welfare to do so.

[14.5.2.17 NMAC - Rp, 14 NMAC 9.2.I 100-105, 14 NMAC 9.2.II 100 & 14.10.4.8 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.18 HOMEOWNER'S PERMIT:

A. Homeowner's permits are limited to single-family dwellings, appurtenant structures to single-family, dwellings, such as private garages, carports, sheds and agricultural buildings, and fences. No application for a homeowner's permit may be made to cover construction of any structure, or installations within any structure, or construction of part of a structure, where the use will be anything but residential purposes. This applies to additions to residential dwellings that will not be used for residential purposes. Further, homeowner's permits may not be used to cover construction of any structure, or installations within any structure, or construction of part of a structure, where the homeowner will not personally reside.

B. Any person applying for a homeowner's permit in order to construct a personal residence in accordance with Paragraph (10) of Subsection D of CILA Section 60-13-3 must sign a homeowner's permit responsibility sheet issued by the division, or its authorized local building department, acknowledging legal responsibilities and liabilities before obtaining such a permit.

C. The homeowner's permit covers general, residential construction only.

D. A homeowner's permit may not be used to permit a project where a GB-2 or GB-98 contractor is acting as a general contractor on the project. Any contractor acting as a general contractor on a project where there is a homeowner's permit must obtain a building permit for his work, and shall be held responsible for any work performed at this site. Further, licensed subcontractors will be held responsible for their work, which also must be permitted separately.

E. A homeowner may do electrical and/or plumbing work on his home (single-family dwelling) only if he has sufficient knowledge and experience to do so, as determined by approval by the appropriate building official of the plans for the proposed work and after completing a written examination administered by the building official with a grade of seventy-five percent (75%) or more. If the examination is not passed, it may be repeated not sooner than thirty (30) days after the date of the failed exam.

F. After approval of the submitted plans and satisfactorily passing the written examination(s), the homeowner then must obtain the applicable permit(s) for the electrical and/or plumbing work and must pay the required inspection fees.

G. Homeowner's permit projects may not be placed on the market for sale while under construction. Such an action violates the requirements of paragraph (10) of Subsection D of CILA Section 60-13-3, and will result in the automatic void of the permit by the division. Such a violation may also result in initiation of unlicensed contracting charges against the homeowner in accordance with the requirement of CILA Section 60-13-52.

H. No more than one (1) homeowner's permit for a single-family dwelling shall be issued to the same person within any twelve (12) month period.

I. Where a homeowner's permit is involved, a properly licensed contractor must install HVAC and natural gas or LP gas installations. This work shall be permitted and inspected pursuant to the standard requirements of the division.

[14.5.2.18 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.10 NMAC & 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04; A, 1-01-08]

14.5.2.19 ANNUAL PERMIT:

A. An annual permit may be obtained in accordance with CILA Section 60-13-46.

B. The electrical and/or mechanical journeyman who qualifies for an annual permit holder shall be a full-time employee of such permit holder.

C. At regular intervals, the inspector having jurisdiction shall visit all buildings and premises where work is being done under an annual permit and shall inspect all work done under such permit since the date of his last visit. He shall issue a certificate of approval for such work as is found to be in conformity with applicable code and these rules after payment of all required fees.

D. An annual permit holder who fails to keep a complete and accurate record of all work done under his annual permit shall forfeit the right to such annual permit, shall turn it in to the division upon demand, and shall not be eligible to apply for another annual permit for one (1) year thereafter.

E. An annual permit shall expire twelve (12) months from the date of issuance.
[14.5.2.19 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.20 EMERGENCY WORK: Where equipment replacement or repairs must be performed in an emergency situation, application for the appropriate permit must be made on the next working business day either by computer or in person at one of the division offices.
[14.5.2.20 NMAC - Rp, 14.7.2.10 NMAC, 7-1-04]

14.5.2.21 CONNECTION OF SERVICE UTILITIES: Except where work is done under an annual permit, no person shall make connections from a utility, source of energy, fuel or power to any building or system that is regulated by the New Mexico construction codes for which a permit is required, until approved by the appropriate building official or a designated representative.
[14.5.2.21 NMAC - Rp, 14.5.3.8 NMAC, 14 NMAC 9.2.I.100, 14 NMAC 9.2.II 100 & 14.10.4.8 NMAC, 7-1-04]

HISTORY OF 14.5.2 NMAC:

Pre-NMAC History:

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

CIC 70-2, General Construction Classifications, filed 11-25-70;

CIC 72-4, General Construction Classifications, filed 02-16-72;

CIC 76-2, Rules And Regulations, filed 05-05-76;

CID 78-2, Rules And Regulations, filed 12-05-78;

CID 79-1, Rules And Regulations, filed 06-06-79;

CID 82-1, Construction Industries Rules And Regulations, filed 04-14-82;

CID 85-1, Construction Industries Rules And Regulations, filed 02-04-85;

CID 90-1, Construction Industries Rules And Regulations, filed 05-31-90.

History of Repealed Material:

14 NMAC 5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits (filed 9-2-97), repealed effective 12-1-00.

14.5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits (filed 10-16-00), repealed effective 7-1-04.

Other History:

That portion of CID 90-1, Construction Industries Rules And Regulations, filed 05-31-90 -- renumbered, reformatted and amended to 14 NMAC 5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits, effective 09-14-96.

14 NMAC 5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits (filed 09-03-96) replaced by 14 NMAC 5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits, effective 09-23-97.

14 NMAC 5.2, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits (filed 09-02-97) replaced by 14.5.2 NMAC, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits, effective 12-1-00.

14.5.2 NMAC, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits (filed 10-16-00), and those applicable portions of 14.7.2 NMAC, Section 10 (filed 10-16-00); 14 NMAC 9.2, Subpart I, Sections 100-105 (filed 10-30-98); 14 NMAC 9.2, Subpart II, Section 100 (filed 10-30-98); 14.10.4 NMAC, Section 8 (filed 7-1-

02); and 14.5.3 NMAC (filed 10-16-00), Section 8 - replaced by 14.5.2 NMAC, Housing and Construction - Construction Industries General Provisions - Permits, effective 7-1-04.